

A perspective from BMC: Market Liberalization and the Importance of Approaches to Outbreak Response that support CBT

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Layout



- BMC Mandate
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BMC's mandate | BMC was established by Act of Parliament in 1965 to serve the cattle producers in Botswana | BMC's purpose is to carry out its business in such a manner as to promote the interests of the livestock producing industry of Botswana | Purpose | Purchase and slaughter cattle and prepare and sell the products of such slaughtering or, if BMC thinks fit, sell on the hoof cattle so purchased | In addition BMC may, in its discretion and with the consent of the Minister, promote schemes for the development and improvement of the livestock industry | Vision | BMC's vision is to transform into a globally competitive enterprise

Market Liberalization



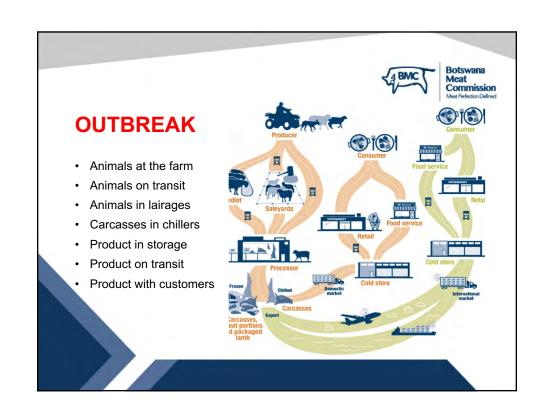
- Local market: already liberalized
- Export market:
 - Currently BMC holds export monopoly: Lobatse, Francistown and Maun export abattoirs
 - ii. Some private abattoirs have been allowed to export from Ngamiland district
 - iii. KPMG Feasibility Study on the Liberalization of Botswana Beef export market underway

The BMC Experience with CBT Implementation Transportation: - Motorised to abate



- Motorised to abattoir
- Decontamination of vehicles
- Abattoir
- Good management of hygiene (GMP, PrPs)
- Independently certified HACCP based system
- Ante-mortem and Post Mortem inspection
- Carcass Maturation (pH below 6 at 24 hours)
- Adequate waste management practices
- Deboning: removal of Lymph nodes
- Adequate Temperature control
- Robust Traceability in-place
- -Processing

Markets: -Angola, DRC and Kuwait



Experience In the phase of Botswana Meat Commission Met Perfector Defra

- i. Central Competent Authority (CCA) issues press releases that doesn't cover all aspects of the value chain
- ii. No guidelines for Official Veterinarians on interpretation of Press release at the different levels
- iii. Lost time due to miscommunication between DVS and stakeholders
- iv. Opportunity loss: product staying long and then down graded and/or diverted to lower paying market
- v. After a successful trace exercise: Managed to trade in the phase of an outbreak

Liberalization and Facilitation of Rapid response to Outbreak



- Levelling of the playing field: licensing requirements that support both HACCP and CBT principles
- Robust traceability system
- Develop a systemic collection of qualitative data and dissemination at all levels of the value chain
- Training of all stakeholders
- Guidelines for all stakeholders
- An enabling environment, facilitated by the DVS

Conclusion



- A competitive value chain is a knowledge driven value chain
- HACCP principles applied across the value chain do support CBT
- BMC has done it and other players can do it too